## Addition and Subtraction

What is addition?

- Addition means move to the \_\_\_\_\_ on the number line.

What is **subtraction**?

- **Subtraction** means move to the \_\_\_\_\_ on the number line.

<u>**Recall:</u>** Adding a negative number is the same as \_\_\_\_\_\_ the opposite of that number.</u>

Example 1:



= \_\_\_\_\_

=\_\_\_\_

**<u>Recall:</u>** Subtracting a negative number is the same as \_\_\_\_\_\_ the opposite of that number.

Example 2:

<u>Recall</u>: when adding and subtracting terms, they must be like terms.

Example 3:

 $-\frac{5}{6}+\frac{1}{3}$ 

we must find the lowest common denominator (the LCD).

*LCD* = \_\_\_\_\_

Solution:

$$-\frac{5}{6} + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$= -\frac{5}{6} + \frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{2}{2}\right)$$

$$= -\frac{5}{6} + \frac{2}{6}$$

$$= \frac{-5+2}{6}$$

$$= -\frac{3}{6}$$

$$= \left[-\frac{1}{2}\right]$$

$$\frac{5}{8} - \left(-\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

*LCD* = \_\_\_\_\_

$$\frac{5}{8} - \left(-\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{5}{8} - \left(-\frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{2}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{4}{4}\right)$$

$$= \frac{5}{8} - \left(-\frac{6}{8} - \frac{4}{8}\right)$$

$$= \frac{5}{8} - \left(-\frac{10}{8}\right)$$

$$= \frac{5}{8} + \frac{10}{8}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{15}{8}}$$

**<u>Recall</u>**: The word **sum** indicates **addition**.

The word difference indicates subtraction.

Example 5:

Write the numerical expression for the phrase the sum of 5, -3 and -7 and then simplify.

Solution:

5 + (-3) + (-7) = 5 - 3 - 7 = 2 - 7 = -5

Example 6:

Write a numerical expression for the phrase the difference of 7 and -10 and then simplify.

Solution:

$$7 - (-10)$$
  
= 7 + 10  
= 17

NOTE: Order is important!

Addition and Subtraction

1. Evaluate: 4 - (-7) + (-3)

2. Evaluate: 
$$-\frac{3}{2} - \left(-\frac{1}{3}\right) + \left(-\frac{5}{6}\right)$$

з. Write a numerical expression for each phrase and simplify:

a) 4 more than the sum of -8 and -3.

b) 12 less than the difference of 7 and -6.